Verb patterns

How do you learn new words?

Tick (\checkmark) the techniques you use for learning new words in English.

- A I translate it in my notebook in case I want to read it again later.
- B I practise repeating the word a few times.
- C I learn by listening to the new word.
- **D** I need to write a sentence with it.
- **E** I keep using it in conversation for the rest of the day.



How many did you tick? Can you think of any other techniques? Why not try all of them?

Presentation

The main verb in a sentence is sometimes followed by a second verb. This verb can be an infinitive or the -ing form.

I want to read it again.

I keep using it in conversation.

The choice depends on the main verb. Some verbs are always followed by a *to*-infinitive; some verbs are followed by the *-ing* form.

See Unit 73 for information about verbs that are followed by both forms.

verb + to-infinitive

Certain verbs are always followed by the *to*-infinitive form: *I want to read it again later.*

Common verbs followed by to-infinitive: agree, decide, expect, hope, learn, manage, need, offer, plan, promise, seem, want

verb + -ing form

Certain verbs are always followed by the -ing form: I keep using it in conversation for the rest of the day.

Common verbs only followed by the -ing form: consider, dislike, enjoy, finish, imagine, involve, keep, mind, postpone, practise, suggest

verb + preposition + -ing form

When a preposition follows the first verb, the next verb uses the *-ing* form:

Which of these techniques do you use for **learning** new words in English?

I learn by **hearing** the new word.

Common verbs followed by a preposition + the -ing form: apologize for, learn by / from, plan on, stop from, thank for, think of / about, use for, worry about

verb + bare infinitive (infinitive without to)

You use the bare infinitive (infinitive without *to*) with *do / does / did* when you form negatives and questions and with modal verbs, e.g. *can*, *must*, *will*:

How do you **learn** new words?

How many did you tick?

Can you think of any other techniques?

1 Complete the sentences with the correct words a, b or c.

1	I never learn b	oywords down.		
	a write	b to write	С	writing
2	Can we	that film again? It's great!		
	a watch	b to watch	С	watching
3	Don't keep	your music up so loud.		
	a turn	b to turn	С	turning
4	Did the owner	rs of the company agree	us mo	re money?
	a pay	b to pay	С	paying
5	I hopea professional football player after school.			
	a become	b to become	С	becoming
6	How many new words do you a day?			
	a learn	b to learn	С	learning
7	My neighbour paid me forhis car.			
	a clean	b to clean	С	cleaning
8	Let's postpone	eout tonight. I'm too b	ousy.	
	a go	b to go	С	going
9	This mp3 player doesn't seem			
	a work	b to work	С	working
10	O Are you going to apologise foryour little sist			er?
	a hit	b to hit	С	hitting

2 Cross out to where necessary.

Can you to help me?
 Can you to stay late at work tonight?
 Did you want to speak to someone?
 They've decided to get married.
 Will you to be able to finish the project on your own?
 When do they to plan to get married?
 You mustn't to drive so fast on this road.
 Do you want to try that exercise again?
 I don't expect to be back here for a while.



Good morning everyone and thank you for 1 coming (come)				
today. Do you dislike ² (look) for new words in a				
thick, heavy dictionary? Can you imagine ³ (have)				
instant access to the world's biggest dictionary in every language?				
Well, today I want ⁴ (present) the latest in				
electronic dictionaries, the XtraLingo. It's so simple that anyone can				
5(use) it. First of all, you need 6				
(press) the ON button. Then you begin by 7				
(type) in a word in English and the machine will automatically				
8(give) you the translation in any language.				
And don't worry about ⁹ (carry) it around because				
the XtraLingo is the size of a mobile phone.				